

Field trip on Amravati Capital City- 05-02-2016

Report: The Dept. of Political Science arranged a field visit to a Secretariat in Amaravathi, some important places -CM Block, A.P. Legislative Assembly and Revenue Block.

The Andhra Pradesh Legislature is the state legislature of Indian state of Andhra Pradesh. It follows a Westminster-derived parliamentary system and is composed of an appointed Governor, the indirectly-elected Legislative Council and the popularly-elected Legislative Assembly. The Legislature currently works out of a temporary building located in the state capital Amaravathi.

Students were enlighten on the concept of the legislature derives its authority from the Indian constitution, with sole authority to make laws on 61 subjects specified in the state list and shares law-making power in 52 concurrent subjects with the Parliament of India. The state uses first-past-the-post method territorial constituencies for electing members to the lower house. The members of the upper house are indirectly-elected by special constituencies or nominated by the governor. The governor is head of the state, so he can elect the leader of the legislature

